## For the Record

Allele Frequencies for the COFILER™ STR Loci in the Canadian Caucasian and Canadian First Nations Populations

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**Populations:** Canadian Caucasians were comprised of individuals from Edmonton and Vancouver; three separate Canadian First Nations databases were derived from Northern Ontario/Ojibwa, Saskatchewan Cree, and British Columbia Salishan individuals

**Keywords:** forensic science, DNA typing, population genetics, short tandem repeats, polymerase chain reaction, Canada, Canadian First, Caucasian, D3S1358, D16S539, TH01, TPOX, CSF1PO, D7S820

Blood samples from 79 individuals from Edmonton, 85 individuals from Vancouver, 128 individuals from Northern Ontario, 104 individuals from Saskatchewan, and 104 individuals from Salishan were provided from anonymous residents of Canada who were blood donors participating in either clinical research studies or blood donor clinics. DNA extraction was performed according to established RCMP protocols (1). PCR amplification was per-

formed using the AmpFlSTR Cofiler<sup>TM</sup> PCR Amplification Kit (Perkin-Elmer, Foster City, California) following established RCMP protocols (1) with a reduced PCR amplification reaction volume of 5  $\mu$ L. The amplified products were detected using the 377 Sequencer (Perkin-Elmer, Foster City, California). Data were analyzed using the GenePop program (2) for Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium, linkage equilibrium, and population differentiation tests. From the group of tests done on each population for each locus, the Bonneferonni correction criterion was invoked and no deviation from Hardy-Weinberg or pairwise linkage equilibrium was noted. Amalgamation of the Edmonton and Vancouver populations into a single data set was possible, with no deviation from Hardy-Weinberg or pairwise linkage equilibrium when combined.

The complete data are available to any interested researcher at the following world wide web site URL: http://www.csfs.ca/databases/index.htm.

## Acknowledgment

We are grateful for the gift of extracted DNA from the Edmonton population provided by the Biology Section of RCMP Forensic Laboratory Edmonton.

## References

- 1. RCMP/Biology Section Methods Guide, 1998.
- 2. Raymond M, Rousset F. GENEPOP (version 1.2): Population genetics software for exact tests and ecumenicism. J Heredity 1995;86:248–9.

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Locus: D3S1358						
Allele	Caucasian ( $N = 79$ Edmonton individuals + 85 Vancouver individuals)	Northern Ontario $(N = 128 \text{ individuals})$	Saskatchewan $(N = 104 \text{ individuals})$	Salishan $(N = 104 \text{ individuals})$		
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 P (exact test)*	0.003 0.006 0.134 0.290 0.229 0.162 0.162 0.015 0.226	0.000 0.004 0.078 0.383 0.477 0.020 0.039 0.000 0.095	0.000 0.000 0.048 0.423 0.438 0.063 0.024 0.005	0.000 0.000 0.053 0.519 0.298 0.101 0.029 0.000 0.029		
	Locus: I	0168539				
Allele	Caucasian $(N = 79 \text{ Edmonton individuals} + 85 \text{ Vancouver individuals})$	Northern Ontario $(N = 128 \text{ individuals})$	Saskatchewan $(N = 104 \text{ individuals})$	Salishan $(N = 104 \text{ individuals})$		
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 P (exact test)*	0.015 0.128 0.061 0.311 0.299 0.159 0.024 0.003 0.560	0.000 0.098 0.125 0.352 0.309 0.109 0.000 0.008	0.006 0.082 0.154 0.313 0.351 0.096 0.005 0.000 0.960	0.019 0.308 0.082 0.341 0.183 0.067 0.000 0.000		
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## Locus: TH01

Allele	Caucasian ( $N = 79$ Edmonton individuals + 85 Vancouver individuals)	Northern Ontario $(N = 128 \text{ individuals})$	Saskatchewan $(N = 104 \text{ individuals})$	Salishan $(N = 104 \text{ individuals})$
5 6 7 8 9 9.3 10 P (exact test)*	0.009 0.201 0.201 0.104 0.162 0.308 0.015	0.000 0.137 0.688 0.016 0.012 0.148 0.000 0.063	0.000 0.216 0.514 0.034 0.058 0.173 0.005 0.244	0.000 0.067 0.558 0.029 0.043 0.303 0.000 0.416
	Locus:	TPOX		
Allele	Caucasian $(N = 79 \text{ Edmonton individuals} + 85 \text{ Vancouver individuals})$	Northern Ontario $(N = 128 \text{ individuals})$	Saskatchewan $(N = 104 \text{ individuals})$	Salishan $(N = 104 \text{ individuals})$
8 9 10 11 12 13 P (exact test)*	0.534 0.119 0.046 0.253 0.049 0.000	0.391 0.012 0.012 0.398 0.184 0.004	0.308 0.024 0.029 0.423 0.216 0.000 0.840	0.500 0.010 0.010 0.293 0.188 0.000 0.262
	Locus: C	CSFIPO		
Ailele	Caucasian ( $N = 79$ Edmonton individuals + 85 Vancouver individuals)	Northern Ontario $(N = 128 \text{ individuals})$	Saskatchewan $(N = 104 \text{ individuals})$	Salishan $(N = 104 \text{ individuals})$
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 P (exact test)*	0.000 0.000 0.006 0.024 0.265 0.320 0.308 0.052 0.018 0.006 0.523	0.004 0.000 0.000 0.047 0.375 0.102 0.445 0.008 0.020 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.063 0.298 0.135 0.452 0.043 0.010 0.000 0.367	0.000 0.005 0.000 0.043 0.255 0.106 0.505 0.087 0.000 0.000
	Locus: I	D7S820 ———		
Allele	Caucasian $(N = 79 \text{ Edmonton individuals} + 85 \text{ Vancouver individuals})$	Northern Ontario $(N = 128 \text{ individuals})$	Saskatchewan $(N = 104 \text{ individuals})$	Salishan $(N = 104 \text{ individuals})$
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 P (exact test)*	0.018 0.162 0.131 0.262 0.250 0.128 0.046 0.003 0.994	0.000 0.023 0.000 0.211 0.508 0.199 0.059 0.000	0.005 0.139 0.038 0.288 0.308 0.178 0.034 0.010 0.086	0.000 0.130 0.063 0.154 0.442 0.183 0.029 0.000

<sup>\*</sup> P (exact test) based on 5000 dememorization steps, 1000 batches and 1000 iterations per batch using the GenePop Program (2).